Preserving Small Scale Affordable Housing



mini Technical Assistance Program

Provided to Enterprise Community Partners



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URBAN LAND INSTITUTE CENTER FOR LEADERSHIP, 2016

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THE CHALLENGE

 Demonstrate the necessity to preserve naturally affordable small buildings (4-49 units) in different markets in Atlanta

- Areas studied for this survey:
 - Mature east Midtown (NPU-E east)
 - Emerging but Vulnerable NPU V

PART 1: Market Analysis:

- NPU-V (Peoplestown, Mechanicsville, Summerhill)
- NPU-E (Midtown east of Peachtree Street)

PART 2: Case Studies

PART 3: Strategies for Preservation

Overall Trends

Neighborhood Analysis

- Ownership types
- Breakdown of unit types
- Average age
- Zoning categories

Part 1: Market Analysis

Overall Trends





Neighborhood Analysis

NPU V



Properties with 4-49 units are identified with black boxes
 -10 unique zoning categories for affected properties
 -Portions in Beltline Overlay District
 -Bisected by the I-75/85

































136 total properties / 923 units Average age range: 55-72 years old



Source: Fulton County Tax Assessor

OWNERSHIP TYPES – NPU V



64 % investor group25% individual11% public or nonprofit

7 owners hold multiple properties

CITY ZONING CATEGORIES

Zoning/Future Land Use Compatibility Table



Zoning Classification

Shaded areas represent compatible zoning classifications. Non-shaded areas represent zoning classifications that are not compatible with land use designations.

EXISTING ZONING CATEGORIES – **NPU V small buildings**

Single Family R-4a R-4B R4-B-C	Does not allow two or more family dwellings (would require re-zoning and/or lot consolidation to add units) low density
Two Family & Residential General RG-2 RG-3 RG-4 R-5	Maximum two-family dwellings medium density
Multi-Family MR-3 PD-MU SPI-18	Protect in-town neighborhoods from suburban-type development Turner Field area high density

MARKET SUMMARY – NPU V

CoStar tracks 13 properties with 4-49 units in the NPU V area. Two are currently for sale (shown with blue pins on map below).

258 Units Total142 Listed as Rent SubsidizedRents reported on 258 Units:

Rents	Survey	5-Year Avg
Studio Asking Rent	-	-
1 Bed Asking Rent	\$946	\$875
2 Bed Asking Rent	\$758	\$672
3+ Bed Asking Rent	\$1,202	\$1,065
Vacancy Rate	3.9%	4.5%
Sales	Past Year	5-Year Avg
Sale Price Per Unit	-	\$21,970
Asking Price Per Unit	\$61,416	\$24,300
Average Size: 732 SF Studio: 0% 1B: 52% 2B: 37%	-	
3B: 9% Unknown: 2%		



Source: CoStar

MARKET SUMMARY – NPU V





Properties with 4-49 units are identified with black boxes 5 unique zoning categories for affected properties Many buildings in R-5 zoning, would not be grandfathered in to be multi-family





























UNIT MATRIX – NPU E



234 total properties / 978 units Average age range: 50 – 100+ years old

Source: Fulton County Tax Assessor

UNIT MATRIX COMPARISON



NPU-V

OWNERSHIP TYPES – NPU E (all)



51% investor group48% individual1% public

1 owner holds multiple properties

OWNERSHIP TYPES comparison NPU E to NPU V



51 % public or investor48% individual1 % public

1 owner holds multiple properties



EXISTING ZONING CATEGORIES

Two Family & Residential General	Maximum two-family dwellings	
RG-5 R-5		medium density
Multi-Family C-1	Protect in-town neighborhoods from suburban-type development Turner Field area	
SPI-16 SPI-17		high density

MARKET SUMMARY – MIDTOWN

CoStar tracks 148 properties with 4-49 units in the eastern Midtown area. Four are currently for sale (shown with blue pins on map below).

1,803 Units Total32 Listed as Rent Restricted

Rents reported on 955 Units:

Rents	Survey	5-Year Ave	
Studio Asking Rent	\$855		\$737
1 Bed Asking Rent	\$932		\$822
2 Bed Asking Rent	\$1,363		\$1,147
Vacancy Rate	4.5%	4.0%	\$975
Sales	Past Year	5-Year Avg	
Sale Price Per Unit	\$131,629	\$	108,782
Asking Price Per Unit	\$132,043	\$64,393	

Average Size: 828 SF

 Studio: 37%

 1B:
 41%

 2B:
 16%

 3B:
 1%

 Unknown: 5%



Source: CoStar

MARKET SUMMARY – MIDTOWN

<u>4-49 units</u> Midtown (East) 1,803 Units vs. City of Atlanta 14,430 Units



Source: CoStar

Part 2: Case Studies

NPU-V

Owner:

Stable: 1044 Hank Aaron





Boynton Village Properties (Atlanta)

Age: 40 years Rent Subsidized						
			Ashina Dast/Usit			
Beds	Units	AVg SF	Asking Rent/Unit	Asking Rent/SF		
1	5	540	\$914	\$1.69		
2	11	693	\$994	\$1.43		
3	22	831	\$1,191	\$1.43		
4	5	964	\$1,314	\$1.36		
Totals	43	777	\$1,123	\$1.44		



NPU-E (east) Stable: 842 Glendale Terrace



Owner: Private Properties, LLC Age: 57 years No. of Units: 10 Average Rent: \$995 / 1bed Owner has provided a set-aside for affordable units



208 12th Street

"We are interested in providing units for teachers, policemen... so that they don't get pushed out of the city where they work."

-Roland Broda, Owner representative

Housing Wage Calculator

- Household Income @ 30% AMI: **\$20,000 per year (\$9.62 per hour**)
- 30% income expenditure on rent
- 3 person household
- Monthly Rent: **\$500/Month**

NPU-E (east) Distressed: 717 Piedmont

Pro forma analysis

Price to Purchase: **\$500,000** (Sold for \$450,000 in 2014)

Total Square Feet: 3,300

Renovation

Total Units: 8

Rent: **\$500/month, \$1.21/SF** (affordable @ ~30% AMI=\$20K) Unit Size: **400 SF**

Total Construction (Hard & Soft) Costs: \$185/SF

Total Project Costs (Land+ Hard Costs+ Soft Costs): \$962,000

Total Revenue: \$4,000/Month (\$48,000 Annual)

Net Operating Income (NOI): **\$34,200** (After Vacancy & Operating Expense)

Annual Cash Flow After Debt Service (5% Interest Rate) & Operating Expenses: -\$12,300

Pre-tax Return on Equity: -5% - Does not meet "developer return hurdle"

Options to Meet **15%** Hurdle:

- Increase Monthly Rent to \$1,200/Month, \$2.90/SF YES (Loss of Affordability)
- Reduce Interest on Loan to 0%? NO (4% Return)
- Reduce Purchase Price to \$0? NO (10% Return)
- Reduce Interest on Loan to 2.5% & Reduce Purchase Price to \$0? **YES**



NPU-V

Distressed: 696 Hank Aaron

Pro forma Analysis

Price to Purchase: **\$175,000** (Sold for \$175,000 in 1996)

Total Square Feet: 7,000

Renovation

Total Units: 8

Rent: **\$500/month, \$0.57/SF** (affordable @ ~30% AMI=\$20K) Unit Size: **875 SF**

Total Construction (Hard & Soft) Costs: \$185/SF

Total Project Costs (Land+ Hard Costs+ Soft Costs): **\$1.15M**

Total Revenue: \$4,000/Month (\$48,000 Annual)

Net Operating Income (NOI): \$34,200 (After Vacancy & Operating Expense)

Annual Cash Flow After Debt Service & Operating Expenses: \$-21,600

Pre-tax Return on Equity: -7.5% - Does not meet "developer return hurdle"

Options to Meet **15%** Hurdle:

- Increase Monthly Rent to \$1,450/Month, \$1.66/SF YES (Loss of Affordability)
- Reduce Interest on Loan to 0%? NO (1.8% Return)
- Reduce Purchase Price to \$0? NO (-5.4% Return)
- Reduce Interest on Loan to 2.5% & Reduce Purchase Price to \$0? NO (4% Return)



BUILDING CHALLENGES

THE ARCHITECTURAL BARRIERS ACT (1968)

This Act stipulates that all buildings, other than privately owned residential facilities, constructed by or on behalf of, or leased by the United States, or buildings financed in whole or in part by the United States must be physically accessible for people with disabilities. The Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS) is the applicable standard.

Dwellings Covered by the Design Requirements

The design requirements apply to buildings built for first occupancy after March 13, 1991, which fall under the definition of "covered multifamily dwellings." See page 12 for a discussion of "first occupancy." Covered multifamily dwellings are:

- all dwelling units in buildings containing four or more dwelling units if such buildings have one or more elevators, and
- all ground floor dwelling units in other buildings containing four or more units.

Part 3: Strategies & Opportunities

Carrot verses Stick

The Golden Rule

Financing

Carrot

- Federal Tax Credits
- Tax Abatements / Tax Increment
- Grants
- Low interest/Forgivable Debt
- Community Land Trust
- Tax Exempt Bonds
- Reduce Impact fees (not an option)



Stick

- Inclusionary zoning
- Tax Lien Acquisitions
- Eminent Domain





Golden Rule

An estimated 80% of the current affordable housing inventory exists within the small multifamily building housing stock



LAND BANK AUTHORITY (LBA)

- Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP3)
- Four Ways to Acquire Property:
 - 1. Donations
 - 2. Judicial In Rem / Tax Foreclosure
 - 3. Traditional Market Purchase
 - 4. Government Seizure

Financing

Best practices and case studies in peer cities informed the Housing Strategy.

What innovative practices are these areas using to address their affordable housing challenges?



Source: Invest Atlanta, "A Housing Strategy for the City of Atlanta"

Financing

- Home Multi-Family Financing (funded)
- Housing Opportunity Bonds (existing/not funded)
- Housing Trust Fund (needed/suggested)



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Interviews:

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